(Confidential Client Information)

TEXAS WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY COUNSELING CENTER

SUICIDE IDEATION (SI)

Warning Signs

- Threatening to hurt or kill self
- Looking for ways to kill self; seeking access to pills, weapons or other means
- Talking or writing about death, dying or suicide

Warning signs that a Personal Safety Agreement needs to be completed & precautions need to be put into place

- Hopelessness
- Rage, anger, seeking revenge
- Acting reckless or engaging in risky activities, seemingly without thinking
- Feeling trapped like there's no way out
- Increasing alcohol or drug abuse
- Withdrawing from friends, family or society
- Anxiety, agitation, unable to sleep or sleeping all the time
- Dramatic changes in mood
- No reason for living, no sense of purpose in life

Factors that may increase a person's risk for suicide include:

- Current ideation, intent, plan, access to means
- Previous suicide attempt or attempts
- Alcohol / Substance abuse
- Current or previous history of psychiatric diagnosis
- Impulsivity and poor self-control
- Hopelessness presence, duration, severity
- Recent losses physical, financial, personal
- Recent discharge from an inpatient psychiatric unit
- Family history of suicide
- History of abuse (physical, sexual or emotional)
- Co-morbid health problems, especially a newly diagnosed problem
- Age, gender, race (elderly or young adult, unmarried, white, male, living alone)
- Same- sex sexual orientation

Factors that may decrease the risk for suicide are also called protective factors. These include:

- Positive social support
- Spirituality
- Sense of responsibility to family
- Children in the home, pregnancy
- Life satisfaction
- Reality testing ability
- Positive coping skills
- Positive problem-solving skills
- Positive therapeutic relationship